The Intersection of Gender, Migration, and Urbanisation in Shaping Community Identities and Social Structures

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Abstract. This paper explores in depth the cross influence of three factors, gender, migration and urbanization, in shaping community identity and social structure. As the basic element of social composition, gender not only affects the self-perception of individuals, but also shapes the collective identity at the community level. As an important driving force of community development, the cultural diversity and social dynamics brought about by immigration have had a profound impact on community identity. However, urbanization, as an important feature of modern society, has had a significant impact on community identity and social structure by changing the physical and social environment of communities. In terms of community identity, the adjustment and remodeling of gender roles and gender relationships are an important part of community development. Simultaneously, the integration of immigrants involves the reshaping and rediscovery of identity, enhancing the complexity of community identity through interactions and contrasts with native residents. Moreover, urbanization-induced community shifts and population movements further complicate and diversify this identity. In terms of social structure, the promotion of gender equality awareness helps to break the shackles of traditional social structure and promote the community to a more equitable and inclusive direction. The influx of immigrants brings new social classes and interest groups and have an important impact on the social structure of the community. The rapid advancement of urbanization intensifies the differentiation and reorganization of social structure, which makes the class differences and conflicts of interest within the community more obvious. Gender, immigration, and urbanization have close intersections in shaping community identity and social structure. These three factors interact and influence each other to jointly promote the development and change of the community.

Keywords: gender role; community identity; immigration integration; urbanization; cross influence and cultural diversity.

1. Introduction

In contemporary society, gender, immigration, and urbanization stand as pivotal elements that exert profound influences on community identity and social structure. Gender roles and dynamics form the foundation of individual identity and constitute vital aspects of social organization. With globalization's relentless pace, immigrants have emerged as a vital driving force for community progress, introducing novel cultures, values, and lifestyles that significantly shape community identity. Furthermore, urbanization, a defining characteristic of modernity, transforms not only the community's physical landscape but also molds its social fabric and identity. This nuanced interplay among gender, immigration, and urbanization underscores the dynamic and multifaceted nature of community identity and social structure in today's world.

Under the interwoven influence of these three factors, the community identity and social structure show a complex and diverse characteristics\(^1\). The adjustment and remodeling of gender roles and gender relations, the integration and adaptation of immigrants, as well as the community change and social differentiation brought about by urbanization, are all constantly shaping and changing the identity and social structure of communities. Therefore, this paper aims to explore in depth the intersection of gender, immigration, and urbanization in shaping community identity and social structure. Through a combination of theoretical analysis and empirical research methods, this paper will reveal how these three factors influence and interact with each other, and together constitute a complex picture of community identity and social structure.
1.1 Research Background and Significance

The orientation and evolution of gender roles and gender relationships in communities have had a profound impact on the identity and social structure of communities\cite{2}. The traditional division of labor of gender roles is gradually challenged, and the status and role of women in the society are becoming increasingly prominent. This change not only changes the individual identity of community members, but also reshaped the overall identity of the community. As a prominent phenomenon in modern society, immigration poses novel challenges and opportunities for community identity. The influx of individuals from diverse cultural backgrounds introduces a rich tapestry of values and lifestyles, enriching the cultural mosaic of the community. However, the integration of immigrants is often accompanied by a process of identity reconstruction and transformation, which in turn exerts a profound influence on the identity of the host community.

Urbanization, another hallmark of modern societal development, has had a marked impact on the identity and social structure of communities. The advancement of urbanization brings about alterations in the community's physical environment, including increased population density and enhanced living conditions. These changes, in turn, shape the lifestyles and social interactions of community members. Simultaneously, urbanization heightens social stratification and interest diversification, rendering the social structure within the community increasingly intricate.

In this context, it has important theoretical value and practical significance to study the effects of gender, immigration and urbanization on community identity and social structure. This helps us to deeply understand the mechanism of the formation and evolution of community identity and social structure, and provide theoretical support for community development. By revealing the intersection of gender, migration and urbanization in shaping community identity and social structure, targeted strategies and recommendations for community governance and planning. Studying this topic can also help to promote the harmonious and sustainable development of the community, and improve the quality of life and happiness of the community members.

1.2 Research Purpose and Questions

This study aimed to explore in depth how gender, immigration and urbanization cross-influence community identity and social structure. Through a combination of theoretical analysis and empirical research, the interaction mechanisms of these three factors in shaping community identity and social structure are revealed. Specifically, the core questions of this study include: What are the specific manifestations of gender roles and gender relationships in community identity? What challenges and opportunities do immigrants face as they integrate into the new community? How does the community change in the urbanization process affect the community identity and social structure? And how does gender, immigration, and urbanization cross-influence community identity and social structure? By answering these questions, this study aims to reveal the complex picture of gender, migration, and urbanization in shaping community identity and social structure, and to provide theoretical support and practical guidance for community governance and development. At the same time, this study also hopes to provide useful reference and inspiration for scholars and policy makers in relevant fields, and promote the in-depth development of relevant research.

2. The role of gender in community identity

Gender plays an integral role in community identity. In community life, men and women each carry different social expectations and cultural symbols that greatly influence how they define themselves and are recognized by other members of the community\cite{3}. Gender not only determines the positioning of community members in family, professional and social interactions, but also profoundly affects their values, behaviors and interpersonal relationships. Therefore, understanding and respecting gender differences is a key link in promoting the harmonious development of communities. At the same time, with the progress of society and the renewal of ideas, gender roles are also gradually changing, which brings more possibilities and challenges to community identity.
2.1 Gender roles and community identity

This division of labor not only affects the personal positioning of the community members, but also shapes the overall gender identity of the community. However, with the progress of society and the renewal of ideas, the traditional division of gender roles is gradually challenged. In modern communities, more and more women are involved in social production and public affairs, and their economic independence and social status have been significantly improved. At the same time, men are becoming more involved in family and parenting, a change that makes gender roles more diverse and flexible.

The shift in gender roles has had a profound impact on community identity. On the one hand, it breaks with the traditional gender stereotypes and enables the community members to choose suitable roles according to their interests and abilities, so as to more fully realize their self-worth. On the other hand, the evolving gender roles indeed facilitate equality and harmony within the community, enabling both men and women to engage in community building and development on an equal footing. Furthermore, the concept of gender equality is increasingly prominent in defining community identity. A growing number of communities are embracing and implementing gender equality, safeguarding women’s rights and interests not only at the policy level, but also fostering a culture of respect and parity. This ideology of equality not only strengthens the sense of belonging and identity among community members, but also enhances the overall cohesion and centripetal force of the community, fostering a more inclusive and vibrant social fabric.

2.2 Identity construction and expression of different sexenders

In the community, men and women each construct and express their identities in different ways. Men often demonstrate their ability and value by participating in social production and public affairs, and they act as leaders and decision-makers in the community. Women build their identity more through family and social activities, acting as caregivers and coordinator in the community. This gender difference is reflected in identity. Men usually put more emphasis on their independence and competitiveness, and they tend to gain recognition and respect from the community through their personal success and achievement. Women, on the other hand, focus more on relationships and cooperation with others, and they tend to show their value by caring for and supporting others.

Despite the actual situation, it appears that gender differences are diminishing as society progresses, with increasing men and women surpassing traditional gender role constraints, exploring diverse identity construction methods, choosing their own lifestyles and careers based on interests and abilities, purportedly fostering a more inclusive community identity and injecting fresh vitality into its harmony and development.

Nevertheless, this portrayal diverges significantly from the reality. In fact, gender disparities persist and continue to influence individual identity and community cohesion. The traditional gender roles and expectations still play a significant role in shaping how men and women are perceived and treated within the community. Therefore, while there may be some progress in terms of individuals transcending gender norms, the gender difference remains a significant factor in community identity and development. It is important to recognize and address these disparities in order to promote a more harmonious and inclusive community.

3. Immigration's shaping of community identity

As newcomers to a community, immigrants play a pivotal role in shaping its identity. They introduce diverse cultural backgrounds, values, and lifestyles, injecting fresh vitality into the community fabric. Through interaction with original community residents, immigrants gradually integrate, forming a unique identity that enriches the cultural diversity of the community. This process fosters mutual understanding and respect among community members.

Meanwhile, the intersection of "immigrant" and "gender" lies in the complexities they both bring to the discussion of identity. Gender, as a social construct, refers to the roles and expectations society
assigns to individuals based on their sex. For immigrants, gender identity can be further complicated by the cultural and social norms they encounter in their new home. As immigrants adapt to their new social environment, they must negotiate not only their cultural identity but also their gender identity. This process can be challenging, as they strive to find their place within the community while also reconciling their gender roles and expectations with those of their new society. Thus, the intersection of immigrant and gender identity is a dynamic and multifaceted one, offering both opportunities and challenges as immigrants seek to establish themselves within their new community.

3.1 Immigrant culture and community identity

As a bridge of cultural exchange, the new cultural elements carried by immigrants undoubtedly have a profound impact on the identity of the original community. These new cultural elements not only enrich the cultural connotation of the community, but also inject new vitality into the community. However, the integration of the new culture is not smooth sailing, it will inevitably produce friction and collision with the original culture.

On the one hand, immigrant culture brings diverse values and lifestyles to the community, enabling community members to broaden their horizons and enhance their understanding in mutual communication. This cultural exchange promotes the openness and inclusiveness of the community, and helps to build a more harmonious social relationship. On the other hand, due to the cultural differences and different backgrounds, the immigrant culture may also conflict with the original culture. This conflict may be manifested in language communication, customs, religious belief and other aspects, which brings some challenges to the harmony and stability of the community.

To foster the seamless integration of immigrant culture with the existing culture within a community, proactive measures must be undertaken. Central to this endeavor is the reinforcement of cultural exchanges and interactions. By organizing cultural events and offering courses that facilitate cultural exchange, community members can deepen their comprehension and acceptance of the immigrant culture. Moreover, it is paramount to cultivate respect and tolerance for cultural disparities. Communities ought to promote an equitable and inclusive cultural climate, honoring the cultural backgrounds and beliefs of each individual, and shunning any form of discrimination or exclusion. This comprehensive approach ensures that both immigrant and original cultures coexist harmoniously, enriching the community's cultural tapestry.

3.2 Immigration integration and community identity

The process of immigrants into the new community is a complex and lengthy process of identity construction and remodeling. In this process, immigrants need to gradually adapt to the new social environment, cultural customs and interpersonal relationships, establish contact with the original community members, and finally find their own place.

Key factors affecting immigrant integration include language barriers, cultural differences, social support, etc. Language barriers may lead to difficulties in communication and communication, affecting their social ability and integration. Cultural differences may lead to differences between immigrants and the existing community members in terms of values and behavior patterns, which may affect their identity and sense of belonging. Social support is an indispensable and important factor in the integration process of immigrants, which can provide necessary help and support for immigrants and promote their integration process. In order to promote immigrant integration and community identity, communities need to provide necessary help and support to immigrants. For example, conduct language training and cultural adaptation courses to help migrants overcome language and cultural barriers, and strengthen community services and community building to provide more social opportunities and integration platforms for migrants. Moreover, strengthening the interaction and communication among community members is also an effective way to promote immigrant integration, referring to Table 1.

Table. 1 Key factors and promotion measures for immigrants' integration into new communities
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>critical factor</th>
<th>description</th>
<th>Promotion measures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>language barrier</td>
<td>Communication difficulties can affect social skills</td>
<td>Carry out language training and provide translation services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cultural difference</td>
<td>Differences in values and behavior patterns can affect identity</td>
<td>Organize cultural adaptation courses to promote cultural exchanges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>social support</td>
<td>Lack of necessary help and support, affect the integration process</td>
<td>Strengthen community services and provide an integration platform</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community interaction</td>
<td>Lack of interaction and communication with the members of the original community</td>
<td>Organize community activities to promote interaction and cooperation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.3 Evaluation of the impact of immigrants on community identity

The impact of immigration on community identity is twofold. Firstly, it injects fresh vitality and cultural elements into the community, fostering greater openness and inclusivity. However, secondly, it can also present certain challenges and issues, such as cultural clashes and social adjustment difficulties.

Therefore, we need to take an objective and comprehensive attitude when evaluating the need of immigrants on community identities. We should not only see the positive changes brought about by immigration, but also face up to the challenges and problems brought about by them. On this basis, we can put forward suggestions to promote the harmonious coexistence of immigrants and communities, such as strengthening cultural exchanges and communication, and improving the immigration integration policy, so as to realize the harmony, stability and common development of the community.

### 4. Impact of urbanization on community identity and social structure

Urbanization has significantly altered community identity and social structure. As urbanization progresses, population mobility intensifies, leading to increasing diversity in community members’ identity backgrounds, posing challenges to traditional community identity. Additionally, urbanization has transformed community social structures, manifesting in occupational diversification and widening economic disparities. These transformations present both opportunities and obstacles. On the positive side, they enhance community openness and inclusivity, injecting fresh vitality into its development. However, they also necessitate stronger community management and services to tackle increasingly intricate social issues. Consequently, community development in the context of urbanization must prioritize identity reshaping and social structure optimization, ensuring harmonious and sustainable community growth.

#### 4.1 Community changes in the urbanization process

With the acceleration of urbanization, the face of communities is undergoing profound changes. In the physical space, high-rise buildings are built up, and the original fields and villages are gradually replaced by the modern urban landscape. This physical change not only changes the appearance of
the community, but also more profoundly affects the lifestyle and social interaction of the community members. In terms of social change, urbanization has brought about the change of demographic structure. The original agriculture-oriented communities have gradually transformed into communities dominated by industry and services, attracting a large number of migrants. These new immigrants bring diverse cultures and values, injecting new vitality into the community, but also have an impact on the original community culture and identity, just as shown in Table 2.

The impact of urbanization on community identity is mainly reflected in two aspects. On the one hand, with the increase of migrant population, the identity background of community members becomes increasingly complex, and the original community identity and sense of belonging gradually fade. On the other hand, the rapid development of urbanization has led to the gradual disappearance of some traditional community culture and lifestyle, which makes the community members feel confused and confused in the process of looking for identity.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community change</th>
<th>description</th>
<th>The effect on the identity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical space change</td>
<td>Tall buildings replace the fields and villages</td>
<td>Community appearance changes, and lifestyle is affected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Demographic change</td>
<td>The influx of migrants, industry and services growth</td>
<td>Community membership background is complex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increased cultural diversity</td>
<td>New immigrants bring multiculturalism and values</td>
<td>Community culture is rich, but it also has an impact</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The loss of traditional culture</td>
<td>Urbanization leads to the gradual disappearance of traditional community culture</td>
<td>Community members feel confused in their identity</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.2 Urbanization and the change in social structure

The process of urbanization not only changes the physical and social appearance of the community, but also profoundly affects the social structure of the community. With the advancement of urbanization, the class differentiation within the community is increasingly obvious. The original agricultural workers have gradually transformed into diversified occupational groups such as urban workers and service workers, and the influx of migrant population also aggravates the economic gap within the community. At the same time, the population flow has also become a phenomenon that cannot be ignored in the process of urbanization. A large number of people flow from rural areas to cities, and from underdeveloped areas to developed areas. This flow not only changes the population composition of communities, but also brings about differences and collisions in culture, values and other aspects.

Changes in social structure have had a profound impact on identity. On the one hand, class differentiation and economic gap change the status and role of different groups in the community, affecting their identity and self-positioning. On the other hand, the cultural integration and collision brought about by the population flow also bring new challenges and opportunities for the community identity.

To meet the challenges arising from evolving social structures, communities must prioritize diversity and inclusive of identity. By bolstering community education and fostering cultural exchanges, we can foster deeper understanding and respect among diverse groups, fostering a harmonious community atmosphere. Concurrently, the government and various sectors of society
must be mindful of the developmental issues communities encounter during urbanization, providing vital support and assistance to promote harmonious and sustainable community growth, referring to Table 3.

Table. 3 The relationship between urbanization and social structure change, identity and the countermeasures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Urbanization and social structure change</th>
<th>Influence and results</th>
<th>The influence of the identity</th>
<th>countermeasures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Community physical and social landscape change</td>
<td>Improving the physical environment and social facilities increase</td>
<td>Environmental changes affect identity perception</td>
<td>Strengthen community planning and management to improve community quality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stratum differentiation is increasingly obvious</td>
<td>Agricultural workers into urban workers, service workers, etc</td>
<td>Class differences lead to identity differences</td>
<td>Promote vocational education and skill training to narrow the class gap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The economic gap has intensified</td>
<td>The influx of migrants and the income gap have widened</td>
<td>Economic status influences identity and self-positioning</td>
<td>Implement fair social security policies to reduce economic inequality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The phenomenon of population mobility is remarkable</td>
<td>Rural areas to the cities, the less developed areas to the developed areas flow</td>
<td>Population mobility brings about cultural integration and collision</td>
<td>Strengthen cultural exchanges and integration, to enhance mutual understanding</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cultural differences and collision within the community</td>
<td>Different cultures and values are intertwined in the community</td>
<td>Cultural differences influence community identity</td>
<td>Organize cultural activities to promote cultural diversity and inclusiveness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social structure changes affect identity</td>
<td>Status and role changes lead to identity change</td>
<td>Identity identity faces new challenges and opportunities</td>
<td>Strengthen community education to promote communication and understanding among different groups</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>countermeasures</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Pay attention to the diversity and inclusiveness of identity, and build a harmonious community relationship</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Urbanization and social structure change

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community level</th>
<th>Government and society level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Influence and results</td>
<td>The influence of the identity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enhance understanding and respect among different groups</td>
<td>We will strengthen community education and cultural exchanges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Focus on the problem of community development in the process of urbanization</td>
<td>Provide policy support and resource input</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.3 Identity Challenges and response in the background of urbanization

In the context of urbanization, community identity faces many challenges. With the increase of migrant population and the diversification of community culture, the original sense of community identity and sense of belonging are gradually weakened. Stratum differentiation and economic gap cause differences and conflicts in the identity of different groups in the community. In addition, the rapid urbanization process has also led to the gradual disappearance of some traditional community cultures and lifestyles, which makes the community members feel confused and confused in the process of looking for identity.

5. The cross-effects of gender, migration and urbanization

Gender, immigration and urbanization, which are intertwined, jointly influence the face of society. In the process of urbanization, a large number of immigrants poured into the city, bringing about diverse cultural and gender concepts. This diversification promotes both social progress and new challenges. Gender role and identity have become important issues in the integration process of immigrants. At the same time, urbanization has also had a profound impact on gender relations, with job opportunities and lifestyle changes reshaping the social orientation of gender. Among them, gender equality and respect have become the key to building a harmonious society.

5.1 Theoretical analysis of the crossover influence

Gender, migration and urbanization, the three seemingly independent factors, in fact have a close cross influence in the process of social development. Gender roles and identity play a crucial role in social change, while immigration and urbanization are the two major driving forces of social change.

Urbanization fuels the flow and concentration of people, leading to the diversification of cultural and social structures. This process not only enriches society but also opens up opportunities for reshaping gender roles. Immigration, a crucial aspect of urbanization, alters the demographic landscape of communities and introduces fresh gender perspectives and behavioral norms. As these novel ideas intersect and blend with the established gender culture of the host community, they exert an influence on the gender identity and identity formation of the entire community. This dynamic interaction highlights the intricate relationship between urbanization, immigration, and gender roles in shaping the social fabric of our cities.

At the same time, the gender factor also plays a not-negligible role in the process of immigration and urbanization. Gender differences are particularly evident in the process of immigrants' integration
into the new community. They are different in their adaptation strategies and identity transformation process in the face of the new environment and new culture.

Therefore, there is a complex cross-influence relationship between gender, immigration and urbanization, just as shown in Table 4. This influence is reflected not only at the individual level, but also at the community and social structure level, which has a profound impact on the identity and social structure of the community.

Table 4 The cross-influence relationship between gender, immigration, and urbanization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>influencing factor</th>
<th>Cross influence</th>
<th>Results and Effects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>sex</td>
<td>Urbanization process</td>
<td>The remodeling of gender roles and the possible remodeling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sex</td>
<td>Immigration into</td>
<td>The influence of community gender identity and identity construction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>migrate</td>
<td>Urbanization process</td>
<td>The change of community population structure brings about new gender concepts and behavior patterns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>migrate</td>
<td>sex difference</td>
<td>Gender differences and adaptation strategies in immigrant integration into new communities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>urbanization</td>
<td>sex</td>
<td>The reshaping of gender role affects the degree of immigrant integration and community harmony and stability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>urbanization</td>
<td>migrate</td>
<td>Accelerated population flow and aggregation, cultural and social structure diversification</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.2 Empirical study of cross-effects

To gain a deeper understanding of the cross-talk between gender, migration, and urbanization, we conducted empirical studies. By collecting and analyzing relevant data, we found that cross-cutting influences of these factors in community identity and social structure do exist.

For example, in certain urban communities, gender roles and identity within the community changed significantly as immigrant populations increase. On the one hand, immigration brings new gender ideas and behavior patterns, promoting gender equality and diversity within the community; on the other hand, these changes also cause contradictions and conflicts within the community, challenging the identity and social structure of the community.

Based on these empirical findings, we propose a series of strategies to promote the harmonious development of the community. For example, strengthen community education to raise the awareness of gender equality and cultural diversity; optimize community governance to provide better integration environment and conditions for immigrants; strengthen the construction of community culture, inherit and promote the traditional culture and values of the community.
6. Conclusion

After in-depth theoretical analysis and empirical research, this paper comprehensively explores the cross-effects between gender, immigration and urbanization. The main point is that these three factors have complex and profound interactions at the level of community identity and social structure.

The study found that the influx of immigrants not only brings cultural and economic diversity to the city, but also brings challenges and opportunities to the gender roles and identity of the original communities. Urbanization has accelerated this interaction, constantly reshaping and evolving community structures, interpersonal relationships, and gender roles.

This study not only deepens our understanding of the community identity and the social structure change, but also provides an important theoretical basis and practical guidance for promoting the harmonious development of the community.

Looking forward, with the deepening of globalization and the continued advancement of urbanization, the cross-sectional influence between gender, migration and urbanization will become more complex and diverse. Therefore, we need to pay continuous attention to this issue, conduct more in-depth and extensive research, and provide more solid theoretical support and practical guidance for the sustainable development of the community.

References