The Impact of Cross-cultural Communication Skills on International Business

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Abstract. In today’s globalized world, business has increasingly embraced a unified market approach to meet its requirements. Under this circumstance, cross-cultural communication plays a significant role in international business, which might determine whether the business will be successful or not. Such communication involves interactions between individuals from diverse cultural backgrounds, each bringing their unique perspectives, values, and communication styles. Therefore, the ability to navigate and bridge cultural differences through effective cross-cultural communication skills becomes paramount for achieving favorable outcomes in international business negotiations. In this article, the impact of cross-cultural communication skills on international business including the impact of cultural differences on international business, definition and importance of cross-cultural communication skills and developing cross-cultural communication skills in international business will be discussed to help international companies understand the challenges and barriers that may arise due to a lack of cross-cultural communication skills in international business negotiations and provide recommendations for promoting cross-cultural communication skills to enhance business outcomes.

Keywords: Cross-cultural Communication, International Business, Business Negotiations.

1. Introduction

The expansion of international business, propelled by the rapid advancement of technology and the global economy, has reached unprecedented heights, transcending borders and encompassing a vast array of goods and services. Within this complex landscape, cross-cultural communication emerges as a cornerstone of successful international trade. This encompasses the intricate manner in which individuals from diverse cultural backgrounds interact, be it through face-to-face encounters or remote exchanges. The scope of cross-cultural communication is vast, encompassing verbal and written language, the subtleties of non-verbal cues, and the nuances of etiquette and protocol. To navigate this intricate web of cross-cultural communication, the mastery of essential skills becomes paramount. These skills extend beyond mere language proficiency; they require a profound understanding and appreciation for the myriad perspectives, customs, and business etiquettes that distinguish various regions and nations. Whether engaged in intricate negotiations for a multifaceted trade agreement, forging a collaborative joint venture with a foreign partner, or fostering a cohesive and productive environment within a multinational team, the art of bridging cultural divides stands as a critical competency. A skilled cross-cultural communicator possesses the ability to empathize, adapt, and connect across cultural boundaries. By demonstrating cultural sensitivity, they can anticipate and navigate potential misunderstandings, fostering trust and mutual respect among stakeholders. They become adept at deciphering the hidden cultural cues embedded in conversations, allowing for deeper and more meaningful interactions. In today's interconnected global economy, where businesses routinely interact with partners, suppliers, and customers from around the world, the importance of effective cross-cultural communication cannot be overstated. It is the linchpin that ensures the success of international trade endeavors. Beyond the financial gains, embracing a diverse array of perspectives and building enduring relationships across cultures enriches the fabric of global commerce, fostering innovation, cooperation, and a more profound understanding of our shared humanity. As the world continues to evolve, those who master the art of cross-cultural communication
will undoubtedly emerge as leaders in the international business arena, driving growth and prosperity while fostering harmony and unity across borders.

This paper will analyze the role of cross-cultural communication capabilities in international trade from the following aspects. Firstly, the impact of cultural differences on international trade and how culture affects international trade negotiations will be explained. Secondly, it will be analyzed what role does cross-cultural communication ability play in international trade negotiations and what specific aspects affect the direction of negotiations. Finally, this paper will provide some suggestions based on the above analysis.

2. Influence of Culture on International Business

According to anthropology, the term "culture" refers to the complete way of life of a community, encompassing the societal heritage that an individual gains from their group. Alternatively, culture can be seen as the aspect of the surroundings that results from human creativity [1]. It encompasses both the learned knowledge and shared experiences that shape individuals' perspectives, beliefs, and values. These cultural elements serve as a common language and set of guidelines that direct people's behaviors and establish societal norms [2].

Culture and international business negotiations are intricately intertwined. Understanding and respecting cultural aspects of the negotiating parties is essential for successful international business negotiations. There are three aspects to be examined.

First of all, culture can affect consumer behavior. People in different cultures have different market values and behaviors. The previous research found that Chinese immigrants living in Spain generally keep their own culinary culture. For example, they maintain their habit of consuming soymilk, while Spanish people prefer buying cow’s milk. While Chinese immigrants have started to include certain Western breakfast items like toast, cereal, and milk in their diet, all individuals surveyed expressed a preference for their traditional Chinese cuisine. For example, a 37-year-old Chinese participant (C-36 man) stated, "We might try Spanish tapas at a restaurant occasionally, but not as a daily choice." [3]. So, culture can impact the types of products or services customers choose to consume. To achieve success, an international business must adapt its products, marketing strategies, and distribution channels to cater to the cultural preferences and expectations of its target market. Failing to recognize and accommodate cultural differences may lead to unsuccessful market entry.

Secondly, culture also affects business behaviors. Japanese negotiation style is influenced by traditional Chinese culture, particularly Confucianism, emphasizing equity in representation during negotiations. Gender biases favor men, leading to discomfort with many women in opposing groups, rooted in Chinese feudal codes. Ambiguity in responses is common, saying "yes" implies understanding, not agreement, driven by politeness and rituals. Personal rapport is crucial, as Japanese prioritize relationships over formal contracts, in contrast to Americans. The US, known as a diverse "melting pot," values assertiveness, efficiency, time, and laws in negotiations. Americans use direct tactics, package deals, and humor, shaped by youth, multiculturalism, and a universal language [4]. Therefore, it is important for international business professionals to adapt their business practices to accommodate the cultural expectations of their partners or clients. Otherwise, it may lead to misunderstandings, loss of business opportunities, and damage to professional relationships.

Thirdly, culture affects the effectiveness of advertising. Language, being a fundamental aspect of culture, greatly influences how advertising messages are crafted and understood. The choice of words, tone, and imagery in an advertisement align with the cultural context to effectively resonate with the target audience. Moreover, the success of advertising campaigns relies on understanding the buying habits and consumption styles of a particular culture. These behaviors are influenced by cultural values and norms, as well as the availability of media platforms and the overall material culture of the society. For example, in some cultures, collective values may emphasize community and family, leading to advertisements that prioritize harmony and togetherness. In contrast, individualistic cultures might emphasize personal achievement and independence, resulting in advertisements that
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highlight individual success and uniqueness [5]. Therefore, it is crucial for businesses to adapt their advertising strategies to effectively connect with diverse cultural audiences. What works in one culture may not necessarily work in another. So, international businesses must carefully consider cultural nuances when developing advertising campaigns for global markets.

3. Influence of Cross-Cultural Competence on International Business

Cross-cultural communication involves the exchange or interaction among individuals from diverse cultural backgrounds who possess varying value systems and use distinct communication methods within a shared working and social environment [6, 7]. Cross-cultural communication abilities pertain to the skill to proficiently engage and interact with individuals from diverse cultural origins. This encompasses comprehending and traversing cultural disparities in terms of language, traditions, beliefs, values, and ways of communication. Academics emphasized the inherent challenges in global business due to the requirement to grasp cultural and regulatory discrepancies [8]. To overcome the barriers of cross-cultural communication, there are following perspectives to consider.

3.1. Language

Communication becomes significantly easier when all parties involved speak the same language fluently or are proficient in a common lingua franca. A shared language eliminates linguistic barriers, allowing for smoother and more efficient exchanges of information. Moreover, using a common language demonstrates a willingness to embrace and understand the culture of others, promoting openness and empathy [9]. When individuals are adept at communicating in the same language, it enhances their self-esteem, confidence, and self-reliance. They feel more capable of expressing themselves clearly and effectively, reducing the risk of misunderstandings and misinterpretations. This increased confidence also encourages active participation in discussions and negotiations, fostering a sense of empowerment and assertiveness. In certain scenarios, the ability to communicate fluently in a native language provides a competitive advantage. It helps in building trust and establishing good business relationships. When a company communicates with the other party in their native language, it demonstrates respect for their culture and values, making them feel valued and leading to a stronger foundation for cooperation. This cross-cultural understanding also can help the companies better adapt to the business etiquette and customs of the foreign country, increasing opportunities for successful business negotiations. Additionally, taking the time to learn and master a foreign language exhibits dedication and commitment. This commitment can be viewed favorably by potential business partners or employers, giving the company an edge over competitors who may not possess the same level of linguistic proficiency.

3.2. Speed

The speed and inflection of different languages can impact cross-cultural communication. It is important for companies to be aware of these variations and adjust their speech accordingly to ensure effective understanding and communication. Linguists have observed that different languages are spoken at varying speeds and with diverse degrees of inflection. These differences can create challenges in cross-cultural communication. For instance, many people perceive Indian national languages as being spoken at a fast pace, which can affect the speed at which Indians speak English. This variation in speed can sometimes pose difficulties for non-native English speakers who are not accustomed to the rapid delivery. In such cases, it becomes essential for individuals to adjust their speed and enunciation to ensure better understanding. Similarly, in Europe, Spanish is often recognized as one of the fastest-spoken languages. Native Spanish speakers may naturally use a more rapid pace when communicating, which can lead to comprehension issues for non-native speakers. It is crucial for companies to familiarize themselves with the speed and rhythm of the other party’s language to ensure effective communication and business negotiation. The challenge arising from
language speed is often expressed through the phrase, "I simply can't follow you. Slow down." The pace often affects the psychological state of both parties in business negotiations. Speaking too quickly may make the other party feel nervous, while speaking too slowly may lead to impatience. Appropriate speaking speed helps establish a positive negotiation atmosphere and enhances willingness to cooperate. So, it is important for companies to be aware of this issue and adjust their pace accordingly when negotiating with the other party who may have difficulty keeping up.

3.3. Stress

Stress placement in words and sentences plays a significant role in cross-cultural communication. Different languages have varying conventions regarding stress, and this can affect the understanding and interpretation of messages. By being aware of these differences and adjusting their communication style accordingly, companies can improve their cross-cultural communication skills and foster better understanding with people who speak stress-timed languages. In English, for instance, people tend to place stress on the most important word in a sentence, which helps to convey the intended emphasis. However, in languages like French and Hindi, there is a tendency to place stress at the end of a sentence. This means that native English speakers who are not familiar with these stress patterns may misinterpret the intended emphasis and miss important cues in the message. When communicating in a stress-timed language, where stress placement carries meaning, it is essential for receivers to adjust their antennae, so to speak, and focus on the speaker's intended message. This requires active listening and a willingness to adapt to the stress patterns and emphasis conventions of the language being spoken. By being attuned to these nuances, receivers can better grasp the speaker's intended message and convey their understanding accurately. Furthermore, understanding the stress patterns of a language can contribute to effective cross-cultural communication by helping companies navigate conversations more smoothly. It allows them to interpret the intended meaning and emphasis correctly, avoiding misunderstandings and promoting clearer communication. To enhance cross-cultural communication, both companies and the other parties should be aware of the stress patterns and conventions within the language they are using. Companies can make an effort to use stress appropriately to convey their intended meaning, while the other parties should actively focus on the stress placement and adjust their listening skills accordingly.

3.4. Intonation

Small in intonation and prosody can disrupt communication, causing confusion without the speakers realizing what caused the issue. Intonation refers to the varying degrees and changes in pitch, volume, and rhythm that make up the melody of speech. Cultural differences exist in how these subtle signals are used in everyday conversation and to convey specific meanings or emotions. In the context of international trade, where parties often hail from diverse linguistic and cultural backgrounds, the impact of intonation becomes even more pronounced. A minor slip in intonation or a lack of awareness regarding its cultural significance can lead to misunderstandings that may remain unnoticed by the speakers. This misalignment can create confusion, erode trust, and ultimately hinder successful negotiation. The relevance of intonation in international trade negotiations is reminiscent of E. M. Forster's novel "A Passage to India," which serves as a cautionary tale about the catastrophic outcomes of miscommunication in a cross-cultural context. A poorly placed pause or a misunderstood intonation can lead to an entire conversation going off course, creating a chain reaction of misaligned perceptions and responses [10]. To navigate the complexities of international trade negotiations successfully, it is imperative for companies to develop cross-cultural communication skills that include an understanding of intonation. This understanding enhances clarity, reduces the risk of misinterpretation, and fosters a more collaborative and productive negotiation environment. Furthermore, recognizing and respecting the role of intonation in communication fosters a sense of mutual respect, which is essential for building lasting international business relationships.
4. Conclusion

Globalization has had a profound impact on the landscape of international business, reshaping it into a truly global entity that offers both enticing market opportunities and formidable challenges for companies operating on an international scale. Consequently, international business has solidified its role as a crucial component within our modern economic fabric, driving growth and innovation across borders. Engaging in international business demands a profound comprehension of cultural nuances and interpersonal communication dynamics. In our interconnected world, people from diverse countries bring with them distinct beliefs, habits, behaviors, and negotiation styles. These factors underscore the importance of mastering effective cross-cultural communication skills, which serve as the bedrock for success in the global marketplace. The ability to navigate the complexities of cross-cultural communication is paramount for forging strong and enduring partnerships. Businesses that recognize the significance of cultural diversity and proactively embrace it are better positioned to connect with international clients, customers, and collaborators. This understanding not only enhances relationships but also fosters a deeper sense of trust and respect. Furthermore, effective cross-cultural communication empowers companies to unlock new markets. By demonstrating a genuine appreciation for local customs, values, and preferences, businesses can tailor their products and services to resonate with diverse audiences. This approach creates a competitive advantage, enabling companies to penetrate previously untapped markets and expand their global footprint. In the dynamic and ever-evolving realm of international business, the mastery of cross-cultural communication is a strategic imperative. This skill equips businesses to acclimatize to changing market conditions, maintain competitive, and ensure long-stage sustainable growth. By embracing the rich tapestry of cultures present in the global marketplace and weaving it into their business strategies, companies can flourish on the international stage. In conclusion, globalization has revolutionized international business, making it an integral part of our contemporary economic environment. To thrive in this interconnected world, companies must appreciate the meaning of cross-cultural communication, as it enables them to build strong relationships, penetrate new markets, and achieve enduring success in the dynamic landscape of international business.

References


